RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

FIRST YEAR [2015-18] B.A./B.Sc. FIRST SEMESTER (July – December) 2015 Mid-Semester Examination, September 2015

Date : 16/09/2015

Time : 12 noon – 1 pm

PHYSICS (General) Paper : I

Full Marks : 25

[Answer <u>five questions</u> taking at least <u>one</u> from each group] <u>Group – A</u>

- 1. a) Explain how a shear may be considered as an elongation in one direction and an equal contraction at right angles, both at 45° to the shear. How is shear strain related to the longitudinal strain?
 - b) When a wire is stretched, what will be the Poisson's ratio if the change in volume is neglected due to change in length?
- 2. a) A beam is bent by external forces. Discuss what internal forces come into play and find an expression for the internal bending moment at any transverse section of the beam.
 - b) What couple must be applied to a wire of 1 metre long, 1mm in diametre in order to twist one end of it, through 90°, the other end remaining fixed. Rigidity of the material of the wire is $2.8 \times 10^{10} \text{ N-m}^2$.
- 3. a) Distinguish between surface tension and surface energy.
 - b) Two soap bubbles of radii a and b coalesce to form a single bubble of radius r. If the external pressure is P, prove that the surface tension, T, of the solution from which the bubbles are formed is given by : $T = P(r^3 a^3 b^3)/4(a^2 + b^2 r^2)$. Assume that the temperature remains constant.

<u>Group – B</u>

4.	a) Define optical path length between two points in a medium of refractive index n.	[2]
	b) State and explain Fermat's principle.	[3]
5.	Using Fermat's principle establish the Snell's Law of refraction at a spherical surface.	[5]

6. Two thin double convex lenses of refractive index 3/2 are placed in contact and the space between them is filled with water of refractive index 4/3. What is that focal length of the combination? Assume radius of curvature of each surfaces of the lenses is 24 cm. [5]

<u>Group – C</u>

7.	What is resonance? Distinguish between amplitude resonance and velocity resonance.	[1+4]
8.	What are beats? Give an analytical description of the phenomenon of beats?	[1+4]

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[3]

[3]

[2]

[2]

- [2]
- [3]